

## **OUR TOP TIPS** FOR HEALTHY BLOOD PRESSURE

## THANK YOU FOR BEING PART OF MAY MEASUREMENT MONTH.

For more information visit www.maymeasure.org

If you have concerns, please seek advice from a trained medical professional.



## MAINTAIN A HEALTHY WEIGHT

Just doing this can help bring down high blood pressure.



#### EXERCISE REGULARLY

Aim for an average of 30 minutes a day. For the exercise to be worthwhile, you need

to feel warmer, breathe harder, and your heart needs to beat faster than it normally does.



### EAT PLENTY OF FRUIT AND/OR VEGETABLES EVERY DAY

Eat vegetables raw or

lightly steamed, rather than boiled, to get maximum nutrition. Avoid frying where possible.



#### ADD BEETROOT TO YOUR DIET

Regular consumption of beetroot juice has been

found to help reduce your blood pressure.



#### CUT DOWN ON SALT

Reduce your intake of salt. Don't forget a lot of salt

is hidden in processed foods and is very high in most breads, cereals, soups and sauces. If possible, always read the label. Eating a low-fat diet that includes lots of fibre, such as bread, pasta, rice and wholegrains has also been found to help reduce blood pressure.



#### CUT DOWN ON FAT AND SUGAR

Always check the label on foods where possible and be

especially wary of hydrogenated or 'trans' fats, as well as sugars 'hidden' as other names such as sucrose, dextrose, fructose, and glucose. These can be commonly found in items such as fruit juices and fizzy drinks.



#### STOP SMOKING TOBACCO

Your arteries clog up even faster if you smoke and this

causes many other health problems. Your blood pressure actually rises while you smoke.



#### REDUCE YOUR CAFFEINE INTAKE

Remember caffeine is found in some fizzy drinks as well

as in coffee and tea.



#### DON'T DRINK TOO MUCH ALCOHOL

Stick to local daily recommendations - usually

less than 2 drinks for men and 1 for women (1 drink = small beer or wine).



#### REGULAR CHECK UPS

Have your blood pressure measured by a trained

medical professional regularly.



#### **RELAX**

Stress contributes to raising blood pressure.

So, avoid stress where possible and allow time for relaxation.

#TheBigSqueeze

www.facebook.com/MayMeasure



o maymeasureorg



DETECT . PROTECT . CORRECT

# **KNOW YOUR PULSE**

TO KNOW YOUR HEART RHYTHM

- it could save your life

## **Atrial Fibrillation Factsheet**

Atrial Fibrillation (AF) is the most common arrhythmia (heart rhythm disorder), affecting four out of every 100 people over the age of 65. AF can increase the risk of stroke and heart failure.

What are the symptoms?

For some there are no symptoms and AF is only detected with a pulse rhythm check or ECG (reading of the heart rhythm).

However, many people experience:

- · palpitations (being able to feel the increased and irregular heart rate)
- · shortness of breath
- · exhaustion
- · light headedness (fainting)
- · Chest discomfort feeling as if the heart is like a bag of worms in your chest, or the beating of drums

**PREVENT AF-RELATED STROKE** with access to appropriate anticoagulation therapy – it is important to receive anticoagulation therapy to reduce the risk of blood clots forming due to the irregular pumping of the heart. These clots can travel to the brain causing an AF-related stroke.

**CORRECT** the irregular heart rhythm with access to appropriate treatment including rate vs rhythm with medication, cardioversion or ablation.

Based on your heart tracing (ECG) result, we recommend that you...

- ☐ See your doctor as soon as you can and show them your ECG, where possible.
- □ Remember to check your pulse frequently to examine for an irregular heart rhythm. Find out how you can easily check your pulse by visiting www.KnowYourPulse.org

For those who have an irregular heart rhythm, and so possible AF, you can contact us for information by emailing: info@afa-international.org







Atrial Fibrillation (AF) is the most common arrhythmia (heart rhythm disorder) which can lead to AF-related stroke and heart failure. It is important to Know Your Pulse to Know Your Heart Rhythm – it could save your life.